

04-1700

A

"Express Mail" mailing label number: EL525650717US

Date of Deposit: April 13, 2000

I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Box Patent Application, Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington D.C. 20231.

Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Paper or Fee: Shirley Fajardo

Signature: Shirley Fajardo



PATENT  
Docket No. P966



**IN THE  
UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

APPLICANT: CHRISTOPHER J. SCOTT DOUGALL

SERIAL NO.: FILED HEREWITH

EXAMINER: UNASSIGNED

FILED: FILED HEREWITH

ART UNIT: UNASSIGNED

FOR: DATA BROADCAST SYSTEM TO AID A BROADCASTER TO  
TRANSMIT AND RECEIVE DIGITAL INFORMATION OVER  
EXISTING AUDIO/VIDEO BROADBAND BROADCAST MEDIUM

**BOX PATENT APPLICATION  
ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20231**

**TRANSMITTAL LETTER**

Dear Sir:

In connection with the above-referenced patent application, transmitted herewith are the following:

1. Specification (13 pages), Claims (3 pages), and Abstract (1 page), Drawings (7 sheets, 11 figures);
2. Declaration and Power for Patent Application (2 pages);
3. Assignment Agreement (3 pages);
4. Recordation Form Sheet Form, PTO-1595 (1 page);
5. Verified Statement (Declaration) Claiming Small Entity Status (Independent Inventor) (2 pages);
6. Verified Statement (Declaration) Claiming Small Entity Status (Small Business Concern) (2 pages);
7. Check No. 2773 in the amount of \$345.00 for patent application filing fee;
8. Check No. 2774 in the amount of \$40.00 for assignment recordation fee; and

9. Post card in acknowledgment of receipt of transmitted materials.

Please date stamp the enclosed post card and return same to the undersigned in acknowledgment of receipt of all transmitted materials.

Respectfully submitted.



Victor Flores

Pat. Reg. 29,638

VF:kgl

April 13, 2000

LARIVIERE, GRUBMAN & PAYNE, LLP

Post Office Box 3140

Monterey, CA 93942

(831)649-8800

006740 20/03/2000

Applicant or Patentee: Christopher J. Scott Dougall  
Serial or Patent No. Filed Herewith Docket No. P966  
Filed or Issued Filed Herewith  
For: Data Broadcast System to Aid A Broadcaster to Transmit and Receive Digital Information Over Existing Audio/Video Broadband Broadcast Medium

**VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS  
(37 CFR 1.9(f) & 1.27(c)) - INDEPENDENT INVENTOR**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that I qualify as an independent inventor as defined in 37 CFR 1.9(c) for purposes of paying reduced fees under section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, to the Patent and Trademark Office with regard to the invention entitled:  
Data Broadcast System to Aid A Broadcaster to Transmit and Receive Digital Information Over Existing Audio/Video Broadband Broadcast Medium

described in ☒ the specification filed herewith.  
☐ application Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_ filed \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Patent No. \_\_\_\_\_ issued \_\_\_\_\_

I have not assigned, granted, conveyed or licensed and am under no obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey or license, any rights to the invention to any person who could not be classified as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person made the invention, or to any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(a).

Each person, concern or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under no obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

- ☐ No such person, concern, or organization.  
☒ Persons, concerns or organizations listed below\*.

\* Note: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

NAME Skystream Corporation  
ADDRESS 1294 Balmoral Street, Suite 250, Thunder Bay, ON, Canada P7B 5Z5  
☐ INDIVIDUAL ☒ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ INDIVIDUAL ☐ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ INDIVIDUAL ☐ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further than these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to verified statement is directed.

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

**Christopher I Scott Dougall**

Figure 1 displays 12 line graphs (a-l) showing the time course of various physiological parameters during a 10-minute period. The parameters are: a) HR (b/min), b) BP (mmHg), c) SV (ml), d) CO (l/min), e) SVR (mmHg/l/min), f) PVR (mmHg/l/min), g) P (mmHg), h) P (mmHg), i) P (mmHg), j) P (mmHg), k) P (mmHg), and l) P (mmHg). Each graph shows a baseline period followed by a 10-minute intervention period. The y-axis for all graphs ranges from 0 to 100. The x-axis for all graphs ranges from 0 to 10 minutes. The graphs show that HR, BP, SV, CO, SVR, PVR, and P (mmHg) all increase during the intervention period, while P (mmHg) remains relatively stable.

Applicant or Patentee: Christopher J. Scott Dougall  
Serial or Patent No.: Filed Herewith Docket No. P966  
Filed or Issued: Filed Herewith  
For: Data Broadcast System to Aid A Broadcaster to Transmit and Receive Digital Information Over Existing Audio/Video Broadband Broadcast Medium

**VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS  
(37 CFR 1.9(f) & 1.27(c)) - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN**

I hereby declare that I am

- ☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below:  
☒ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:  
NAME OF CONCERN: Skystream Corporation  
ADDRESS OF CONCERN: 1294 Balmoral Street, Suite 250  
Thunder Bay, ON, Canada P7B 5Z5

I hereby declare that the above identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.12, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement. (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average of the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention, entitled Data Broadcast System to Aid A Broadcaster to Transmit and Receive Digital Information Over Existing Audio/Video Broadband Broadcast Medium by inventor(s) Christopher J. Scott Dougall described in

- ☒ the specification filed herewith  
☐ application Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_, filed \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Patent No. \_\_\_\_\_, issued \_\_\_\_\_

If the rights held by the above small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed below and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e). NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

NAME N/A  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_

☐ INDIVIDUAL ☐ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further than these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which said statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING: Roger George  
TITLE OF PERSON OTHER THAN OWNER: Vice President Legal Affairs  
ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING: 555 Clyde Avenue, Mountain View, California 94043

**SIGNATURE:**

DATE:

DATE: 12 April 2000

"Express Mail" mailing label number: EL525650717US

Date of Deposit: April 13, 2000

I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Box Provisional, Washington D.C. 20231.

Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Paper or Fee: Shirley Fajardo

Signature: Shirley Fajardo

Docket No. P966

## **PATENT APPLICATION**

### **DATA BROADCAST SYSTEM TO AID A BROADCASTER TO TRANSMIT AND RECEIVE DIGITAL INFORMATION OVER EXISTING AUDIO/VIDEO BROADBAND BROADCAST MEDIUM**

**INVENTOR: CHRISTOPHER J. SCOTT DOUGALL**

### **CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

This patent application claims the benefit of U. S. Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 60/129,754, entitled: DATA BROADCAST SYSTEM TO AID A BROADCASTER TO TRANSMIT AND RECEIVE DIGITAL INFORMATION OVER EXISTING AUDIO/VIDEO BROADBAND BROADCAST MEDIUM, filed April 15, 1999, by the same applicant.

### **FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to broadcast systems that include transmission of digital information with existing audio/video broadcasts. More particularly, the present invention relates to broadcast systems that include transmission of digital information with existing audio/video broadcasts by utilizing software tools that source, schedule, and transmit and receive computer-type digital information over a broadband broadcast medium.

### **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The need to provide information to the public continues to challenge the information provider and has created numerous industries that includes radio, and television industry to present day Internet provider of on-line services utilizing telephone lines to carry the signals that contain the information. Accordingly, information is provided to the public

utilizing wireless communication technology, or by utilizing wired (cable) communications technology for providing the on-line services. The Internet, no doubt, via the World Wide Web (WWW), is a major source of information for the public. Although the personal computer has been an excellent tool to use as a means that facilitates getting information to individuals, the digital form of the information content used by the personal computer devices has been limited to utilization of on-line services via modem devices.

The audio/video industry, utilizing wireless broadcast technology, provides a excellent way of communicating information to the public. However, in present day working environments, traditional audio/video equipment are not provided as part of the work-place tools. If the audio/video equipment is provided, it is provided for entertainment purposes. The broadcast signals utilized by audio/video equipment do not include the digital signal information, such as the digital signal information transmitted by on-line services. Computer devices, on the other hand, have included audio/video peripheral equipment as part of the computer hardware multi-media componentry, and include digital signal receiving means for converting the on-line audio/video digital signal transmissions into audible and viewable information.

The need for systems that combine the benefits of multimedia, wireless and wired on-line services has been recognized in U.S. Patent No. 6,021,433 to Payne et al. The Payne et al. patent teaches a data communication system that connects on-line networks with on-line and off-line computers and broadcasts the notification centric portions (headlines) of available network information. A computer user receives notification that there is an incoming message concerning the headlines. The Payne et al. patent further teaches that wirelessly broadcasted URLs, in the form of headline containing data packets, are provided for being used to obtain detailed data. While, the '433 patent has provided a data communication system for delivering network source headline messages utilizing wireless broadcasting, narrowcasting, and pointcasting, a need is seen for a data communication system and method that wirelessly broadcasts the full content of the network source information, not merely notification about the content that requires further action by the user to retrieve the details of the information.

Accordingly, a primary object of the present invention is to provide a data



communication system and method that wirelessly broadcasts the full content of digital network source information to a user.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The foregoing primary object of providing a data communication system and method that wirelessly broadcasts the full content of digital network source information to a user is accomplished by software tools that content source, schedule, and transmit and receive computer-type digital information over a broadband broadcast medium. The data communication system of the present invention, commercially known as Jetstream, and marketed by Skystream Corporation of Thunder Bay, Ontario, Canada (formerly known as Varuna Software Inc. ) has a TCP/IP based communications layer that enables the suite of applications to be run across a local or wide area network. This layer also enables the system to be scaled to any size of operation, from one computer, to a large network of computers. The software tools comprise a server/head end, herein referred to as the Jetstream Server/Head End (Suite), a client/end user end, herein referred to as Jetstream Client/End, and a data stream format, herein referred to as Jetstream Stream Format. The Jetstream Server Suite is a group of integrated software applications, designed and tested to run on a personal computer operating system, such as the commercially available Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 operating system. This set of server end applications is used to facilitate the scheduled gathering and transmitting of the full content of digital information from a source, such as the WWW network source. The present invention comprises the following modules:

#### Server/Head End

- An application program, herein referred to as JetWeb, used for retrieving Internet information, and storing it locally.
- An application module, herein referred to as JetQueue Module, used for transmitting scheduled services, that supports IP-Multicast, RS422, RS232, and TCP/IP communications, capable of broadcasting via conduits that comprise television, VBI, radio subcarrier, satellite (DSS,DVB), MPEG-2, paging networks, telephone networks, local area networks, the Internet.
- An application module, herein referred to as Control Center, used to schedule tasks for the external modules, all other modules can be remotely controlled from

the command center, allowing centralized organization of tasks and services.

- An application program, herein referred to as JetMonitor, resident on all Jetstream systems, utilized to issue and respond remote commands and report on the status to remote modules.

#### 5      Client/End User End

- An application program, herein referred to as Jetstream Client, for decoding and receiving the full content broadcast data that makes the full content information available to a computer desktop by storing files, caching web sites, and opening streams (sockets).
- An application program, herein referred to as Jetstream Program Guide, used by the user to select which services to receive, or to view the schedule of incoming services, and to look at a catalog of what has been received, it also contains a rotating information (advertising) banner.

10      The data communication system of the present invention, utilizes an industry standard  
15      ODBC database (supports MSAccess, Informix, SQLServer, Intrabase, ORACLE, etc.)  
for centralized scheduling and storage of data on a computer hard disk media. This  
allows the data to be integrated into the existing back office of the customer easily and  
efficiently. The data communication system of the present invention is designed to be  
independent of any broadcast hardware, and can be used to schedule the broadcast of  
20      many different services, such as standard files, web sites, program guide and rotating  
files, over many different media at the same time. The service files are sourced by a  
module source (Fetched) which in turn transmits the files to a broadcaster's hardware.  
The file contents are sent in pieces (or packets) by Jetqueue to a broadcaster hardware  
in a data stream, herein referred to as Jetstream Packet, which are formatted in a format,  
25      herein referred to as Jetstream Stream Format. The Jetstream Packet also comprises  
header information. By example, a web site service type is sourced by a sourced  
module, herein termed JetWeb Module, which establishes a connection to the specific  
web site, downloads the web sites files (similar to a Web Browser) , parses the received  
HTML, looking for any referenced element and fetches this as well. The website service  
30      files are packetized and then sent to the broadcaster's hardware as determined by  
JetQueue Module, for being received by a client.

Other features of the present invention are disclosed or are apparent in the section entitled, "DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION."

### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS**

For a better understanding of the present invention, reference is made to the accompanying drawings wherein:

Figure 1.0 is a block diagram representation of the content-based data communication system of the present invention, illustrating a server/head end, a broadband broadcasting system and a client/end user end.

Figure 2.0 is a flow diagram illustrating a content-based packet construction process in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 3.0 is a diagram representation of a content-based packet, illustrating header byte and data byte allocations, in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 4.0 is a block diagram illustrating a server/head end object hierarchy for server operation in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 5.0 is a block diagram representation of the server/head end JetQueue Control Center, illustrating interaction of selected system components, such as the Jetserver window, for monitoring and controlling transmission of scheduled content-based digital data communication services.

Figure 6.0 is an exemplary JetQueue Control Center computer display window of Queue Properties illustrating general status information about transmission of scheduled services, in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 7.0 is an exemplary client/end computer display window illustrating a program guide inventory of available services, herein referred to as Jetstream Program guide, in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 8.0 is an exemplary client/end computer display window illustrating a program guide inventory and status of subscribed services, herein referred to as Jetstream Program guide, in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 9.0 is an exemplary client/end computer display window illustrating on/off control of a broadcast receiver for receiving services, herein referred to as Jetstream Broadcast Receiver, in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 10.0 is an exemplary client/end computer display window illustrating an

on-status of the on/off broadcast receiver services feature, including a pop-up window about viewing other options, herein referred to as Jetstream Broadcast Receiver, in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 11.0 is an exemplary client/end computer display window illustrating an a view of statistics of broadcasted receiver services as selected from a pop-up window shown in Figure 10.0, herein referred to as Jetstream Statistics, in accordance with the present invention.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Figure 1.0 shows an overview representation of the content-based data communication system (Jetstream) 100 in accordance with the present invention. As illustrated, content-based data communication system 100 comprises a server/head end 110, a broadband broadcasting system 120 and a client/end user end 130/140. Jetstream 100 is a data broadcast system and to that end server/head end 110 facilitates a broadcaster to add transmission of digital information to their existing audio/video broadcast. Server/head end 110, and a client/end user end 130/140 comprise software tools that source, schedule and receive the digital information transmitted by the broadcaster.

The Jetstream 100 software tools are based on the concepts of services, modules and jobs. Services are defined as a logical grouping of computer files, modules are defined as a program that performs a specific task to the files of a service, and jobs control timing of when a module performs its assigned task. Services include by example, a standard file, which are an unrelated grouping of files, a web site service which are files that make up a WWW site, program guide services, which are files used to update the client program guide listing and rotational file services, which are unspecific related grouping of files. A broadcaster decides what services to create and transmit. Modules include fetch modules transmit modules, and combination fetch and transmit. Fetch modules, include webget, also referred to as Jetweb, and are utilized for updating the files within a service to add/delete/modify files. see generally Figure 1.0. Fetch modules also includes modules such as getmail, also shown in Figure 1.0. Transmit modules are modules such as JetQueue, that forward all files within a service to the broadcaster hardware designed to perform the actual signal broadcast to clients.

JetQueue is the main transmit module, see generally Figure 5.0. Combination fetch/transmit modules include JetControl module and JetMonitor module. JetControl is a control center module that performs fetch operations on standard files and rotational file services. JetMonitor does not perform any task on a file service, but is used to start and stop modules in a distributed environment. Table 1.0 table breaks down by service type which module sources (fetches) the services files, and which module transmits them to the broadcaster specific hardware.

Service type	Service files are controlled by	Service files are transmitted by
standard file	control center	JetQueue
web site	JetWeb	JetQueue
program guide	JetQueue	JetQueue
rotational file	Control Center	JetQueue

Table 1.0 Service Type/ Module Relationship

Jobs control when a module performs its assigned task to a service. Jobs are scheduled to run at a specific time and date. They are assigned to a service and a module. Jobs may be either a single job or a repeat job. A single job is scheduled to run once at a specific date/time. A repeat job is scheduled to run at a specific date/time, and to re-schedule itself to run again at a later date/time. By example, a repeat job may be schedule to repeat every two (2) hours. Table 2.0 breaks down by service type and module what happens upon running a service/module pair.

Service type	JetWeb Module	JetQueue Module
Standard file	n/a	Send all files in the service to the broadcaster's hardware.
Web site	Establish a connection to the specific Web site, download the sites files (same as a Web Browser does) parse the received HTML, looking for any referenced element, then fetch those elements as well. Repeat sa per setting of Web services.	Send all files in the service to the broadcaster's hardware.
Program Guide	n/a	Create a file that contains all information regarding available services, and send it to the broadcaster's hardware.
Rotational File	n/a	Select one (only one) file from the service and send it to the broadcaster's hardware.

### Table 2.0 Service type/Module Pair Run Results

At the Client/end user end the software tools comprise two main applications with several support tools. The main client application tools are JetStream Broadcast Receiver, which listens for incoming streams of data sent by JetQueue, and JetStream Program Guide which provides a GUI to client operations, manages service subscriptions, displays broadcast schedules and displays active operations from the receiver. The broadcast Receiver runs continually in the background, displaying a small glyph in the icon tray. The Program Guide can be started and started at will and does not need to be operating for signal reception.

JetStream 100 works by breaking the full content of the files into smaller pieces (packets) adding some header information to each packet and sending the file packets to

the client. The client/end user software reassembles the packets into the original files. The core of all JetStream broadcasts is the broadcasted JetStream Packets, which contain the full content of the digital data information from the services discussed above and which distinguish the present invention from other related teachings, such as U.S. Patent No. 6,021,433 to Payne et al. The following Table 3.0 describes a JetStream packet in accordance with the present invention.

Stream Number	Multiple Jobs can be active on JetQueue at one time, Stream Number determines for the client which job this packet is from.
Packet Number	Within a stream, each packet is numbered, so the client can determine if any packets have been lost during transmission, a common occurrence.
Packet size	the size of the data block
Content	(see Table 4.0)
Data	Data is interpreted based on content
Sync Byte	a special byte indicating the end of the packet

Table 3.0 JetStream Packet

The following Table 4.0 breaks down Content vs. Data within a JetStream Packet.

Content Value is	Then Data portion of Packet Contains
JS_JobBegin	Details of a new job starting, its service code, job name, etc
JS_EntryBegin	Details of a new file starting, file name, URL data, expected size
JS_EntryData	actual file contents
JS_EntryEnd	indicator that the current file entry has been completed
JS_JobEnd	indicator that the current job has completed

Table 4.0 Packet Content vs. data

Table 5.0 shows as an example a job run for a standard file service. The standard file includes three files that are less than 1 Kbytes (file1.txt, file2.txt, and file3.txt). JetQueue begins a job run on the standard service and sends the packets to the client.

Packet Sequence is: (a JetStream packet is created on this content)	Signifies to the Client
JS_JobBegin (with unique Stream Number)	Transmission of the file service has begun on this Stream Number
JS_EntryBegin (beginning send of file1.ext )	Open for reception file1.ext
JS_EntryData (contents of file1.ext)	save data block to file1.ext
JS_EntryEnd (end of send for file1.ext)	close file1.ext
JS_EntryBegin (beginning send of file2.ext.)	Open for reception file2.ext
JS_EntryData (contents of file2.ext.)	save data block to file2.ext
JS_EntryEnd (end of send for file2.ext.)	close file2.ext
JS_EntryBegin (beginning send of file3.ext.)	Open for reception file3.ext
JS_EntryData (contents of file3.ext.)	save data block to file3.ext
JS_EntryEnd (end of send for file3.ext.)	close file3.ext
JS_JobEnd (completion of job on this Stream Number)	all files received for this service

Table 5.0 Example of sending a packet sequence

Figure 2.0 shows a process 200 for breaking down files into packets generally shown as packet 300 in Figure 3.0. The packet construction process 200 begins a step 201 where memory is allocated in a data storage, such as an ODBC data storage unit member of Server/Head end 110. The contents of the file are read (not created) at step 202. The file data is then compressed at step 203 using a compression algorithm to reduce the packet size. The compressed data is then encrypted at step 204 using an encryption algorithm to scramble the packet. Framing is then performed on the encrypted packet at step 205. A trailer is added at step 206 to signal an end of packet (EOP). The desired wrapping is then added at steps 207a, 207b, and 207c, where step 207a denotes a Wrap to NABTS (creates the forward error correction (FEC) bundles, fec rows and header), step 207b denotes Wrap to Null (no wrapper), and 207c denotes



Wrap to JPT (JetStream Packet Transport which are portions of a complete JetStream packet, and adds headers). The modified content file is then transmitted to broadcast hardware at step 208 and then the packet is destroyed at step 209 to restore/free-up memory in the storage unit member. Figure 3.0 shows packet 300 as being 127 bytes long, where bytes 0-4 are allocated for header H information and bytes 5-126 are allocated to data. Table 6.0 shows additional details of the packet format of the present invention.

Byte #	Description	Details
0,1,2	Packet Address	3 hamming perfect bytes. Indicates start of a JPT Packet and each byte must be from 0-15 (i.e. 242)
3	Continuity Index	1 hamming perfect byte. Indicates portions of entire JetStream packet this portion os from. Starts at 0, ends when content flag indicates EOP. (wraps from 15 to 0 as required)
4	Content Flag	1 hamming perfect byte, bitmask indicating bit 0-full/filled packet* (padding added?) bit-1-last JetStream packet chunk bit 2,3-Future Fec/CRC details?
5-126	Data Chunk	Clear portion of JetStream packet

Table 6.0 JetStream Packet Format Details

(\*Note: Filler data is added as required to the end of the packet. First added character is OxEA then as many 0x15's as needed to complete the 127 byte JTP packet size.)

Figure 4.0 is a block diagram illustrating a server/head end object hierarchy for server operation in accordance with the present invention. This hierarchy assures encapsulation of all server operations into and out of the database.

Figure 5 illustrates the JetQueue Module that is used for transmitting scheduled services, that supports IP-Multicast, RS422, RS232, and TCP/IP communications, that are capable of broadcasting via conduits, as illustrated in Figure 1.0, that comprise television, VBI, radio subcarrier, satellite (DSS,DVB), MPEG-2, paging networks, telephone networks, local area networks, the Internet to a Client/User end 130/140. The two components of JetQueue are the control Center Midi Window (JetServer WInow)

and the broadcast service to drive the DLL (JetStream Broadcast Service) to a hardware transmission device. In one embodiment of the present invention Internet Protocol (IP) is used to move data to a wireless gateway, termed DBN. Figure 6.0 shows a computer display window showing the queue (JetQueue) general properties. From this window the server properties are configured. By example configure the route from the queue to an inserter device (serial Rs232, UDP/IP, TCP/IP, etc). The transmission rate in bits per second can also be specified from this window. The broadcast format can also be configured form this window. For example, for satellite (DVB) transmit JetStream with no wrapper. Packet compression can be enabled or disabled.

The client receivers are populated via a Program Guide that contains information about the services available, and which allows a user to elect to receive or ignore the content. The content is saved as files in the storage unit of a user's computer, or is cached into a web browser for publishing the information in the users Program guide. Figure 7.0 shows an exemplary client/end computer display window illustrating a program guide inventory of available services. The program guide originates at the server/head end, at the control center and may include a default set of services which are made available to a user. Similarly, a user may select a file service, the file service is created and filled with the requested files and included as a job in the program guide. A web site service would have to be fetched and transmitted and handled in a similar fashion by the program guide. Figure 8.0 is an exemplary client/end computer display window illustrating a program guide inventory and status of subscribed services. Figure 9.0 is an exemplary client/end computer display window illustrating on/off control of a broadcast receiver for receiving services. Figure 10.0 is an exemplary client/end computer display window illustrating an on-status of the on/off broadcast receiver services feature, including a pop-up window about viewing other options, such as statistics. Figure 11.0 is an exemplary client/end computer display window illustrating an a view of statistics of broadcasted receiver services as selected from a pop-up window shown in Figure 10.0.

The present invention has been particularly shown and described with respect to a certain preferred embodiments and features thereof. However, it should be readily apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that various changes and modifications in

form, material, and design detail may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the inventions as set forth in the appended claims.

## CLAIMS

What is Claimed is:

1. A broadcast system, said broadcast system comprising:

a server-end means for scheduling, gathering and transmitting an entire digital database content of at least one type of digital information service, said server-end means having means for encoding said full-digital data content for being broadcasted; and

a client-end means for decoding and receiving the broadcasted full-digital database content and providing the full informational content of said at least one type of digital information services.

2. A broadcast system as described in claim 1, wherein:

said server-end means further comprises communication means for facilitating transmission of said entire digital database content via IP-Multicast, RS422, RS232, and TCP/IP type of communications links for further broadcasting via conduits selected from a group of conduits that comprise television VBI, radio subcarrier, satellite (DSS,DVB), MPEG-2, paging networks, telephone networks, local area networks, and the Internet.

3. A broadcast system as described in claim 1, wherein:

said means for encoding comprises a packet construction means for breaking up an original digital file into smaller digital file pieces and transmits said smaller digital file pieces as a stream of packets; and

wherein said client-end means comprises broadcast data receiving means for re-assembling said stream of packets into said original file.

4. A broadcast system as described in claim 1, wherein:

said server-end means further comprises means for retrieving and storing an entire digital informational content of a selected electronic network site.

5. A broadcast system as described in claim 1, wherein:

said server-end means further comprises a means for providing a program guide of services for use by a user, said program guide facilitating means for selecting which

services to receive, means for viewing the schedule of incoming services, and means for reviewing a catalog of what services have been received, said program guide means further providing a rotating information banner.

6. A contents-based digital data broadcast system, said system comprising:

a first server-end application program means for retrieving a first type of digital information, and storing a entire contents of said digital information locally;

a first server-end application module means for encoding, transmitting scheduled services including said entire contents of said digital information, said first application module comprising means for supporting IP-Multicast, RS422, RS232, and TCP/IP communications and means for broadcasting said encoded entire contents of said digital information via conduits that comprise television, VBI, radio subcarrier, satellite (DSS,DVB), MPEG-2, paging networks, telephone networks, local area networks, and the Internet;

a second server-end application module means for scheduling tasks for external modules; facilitating centralized organization of tasks and services provided to a client;

a second server-end application program means for issuing and responding to remote commands and reporting on a status of a task to remote modules;

a first client-end application program means for decoding and receiving the full content of said broadcasted encoded digital information; and

a second client end application program guide means for facilitating selection of which service to receive, viewing a schedule of incoming services, and review of a catalog of what services have been received, said program guide means further providing a rotating information banner.

7. A method for wirelessly transmitting digital information with existing audio/video broadcasts, said method comprising the steps of:

(a) providing a server-end means for scheduling, gathering and transmitting an entire digital database content of at least one type of digital information service, said server-end means having means for encoding said full-digital data content for being broadcasted;

providing a client-end means for decoding and receiving the broadcasted full-digital database content and providing the full informational content of said at least one type of digital information services; and

wirelessly transmitting said full digital database content at said client-end means for being manipulated and being used by a subscriber of said digital information services.

8. A method for wirelessly transmitting digital information, as described in claim 7, wherein said means for encoding comprises breaking down files into at least one packet of digital information:

- (a) allocating memory in a data storage unit member of said server-end means;
- (b) reading data contents of a file;
- (c) compressing the read file data;
- (d) encrypting the compressed data;
- (e) framing the encrypted packet; and
- (f) adding an end of packet (EOP) indication to said at least one packet.

9. A method for wirelessly transmitting digital information, as described in claim 8, wherein said method further comprises the steps of:

- (g) wrapping said packet with additional information selected from wrapping options comprising a Wrap to NABTS (creates the forward error correction (FEC) bundles, fec rows and header), a Wrap to Null (no wrapper), and a Wrap to JPT (JetStream Packet Transport which are portions of a complete jetstream packet, and adds headers); and
- (h) destroying an encoded packet after being wirelessly transmitted, said encoded packet being destroyed for purposes of freeing-up memory in the storage unit member.

DATA BROADCAST SYSTEM TO AID A BROADCASTER TO  
TRANSMIT AND RECEIVE DIGITAL INFORMATION OVER EXISTING  
AUDIO/VIDEO BROADBAND BROADCAST MEDIUM

5 ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

10 A data communication system and method that wirelessly broadcasts the full  
content of digital network source information to a user is accomplished by software tools  
that content source, schedule, and transmit and receive computer-type digital information  
over a broadband broadcast medium. The data communication system is independent  
of any broadcast hardware, and can be used to schedule the broadcast of many different  
services, such as standard files, web sites, program guide and rotating files, by IP-  
Multicast, RS422, RS232, and TCP/IP communications capable of broadcasting via  
conduits that comprise television VBI, radio subcarrier, satellite (DSS,DVB), MPEG-2,  
paging networks, telephone networks, local area networks, and the Internet at the same  
time. The file contents are sent in pieces (or packets) to a broadcaster hardware in a data  
stream, that are formatted for being reconstructed into files by the client receiver.

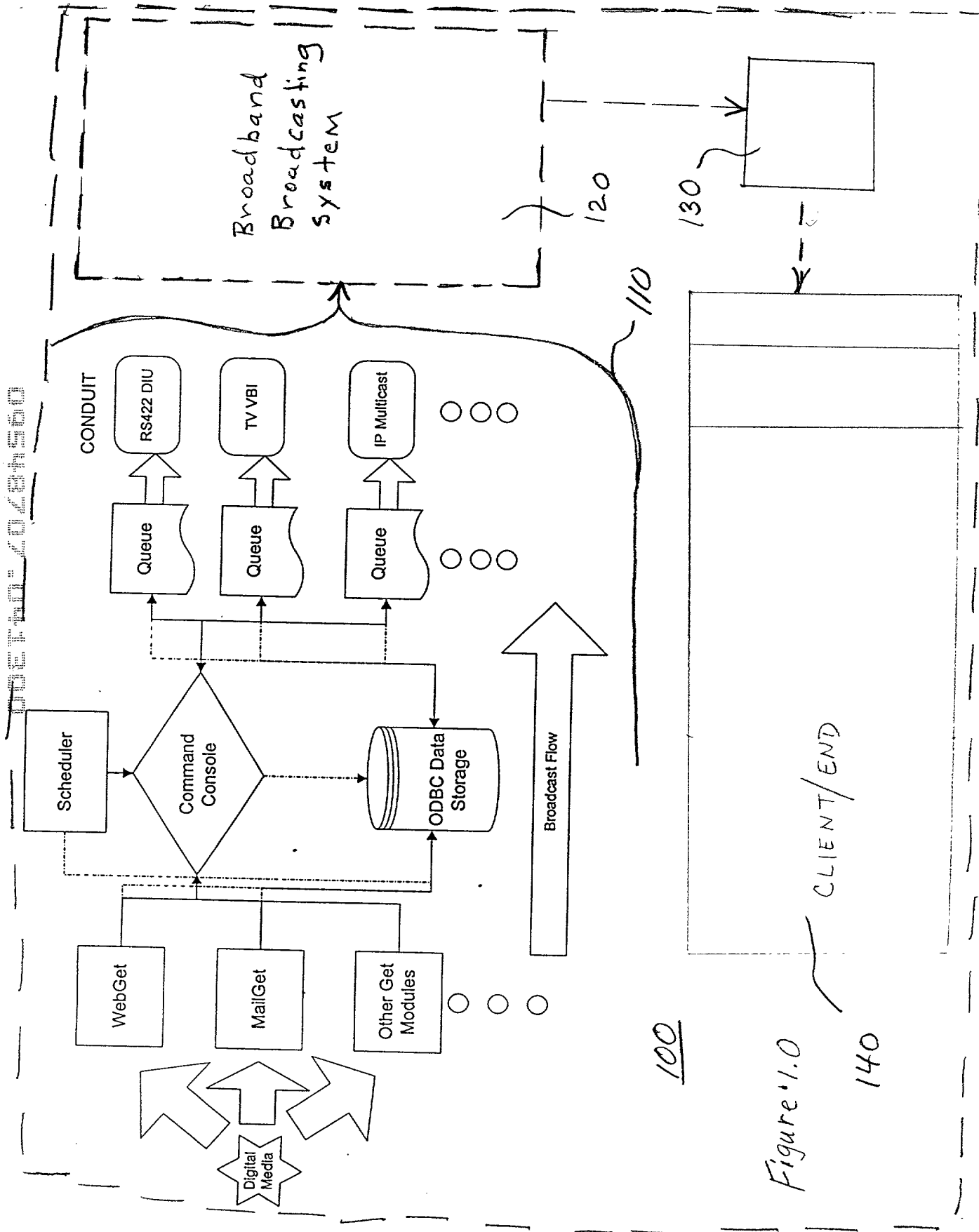


Figure 1.0



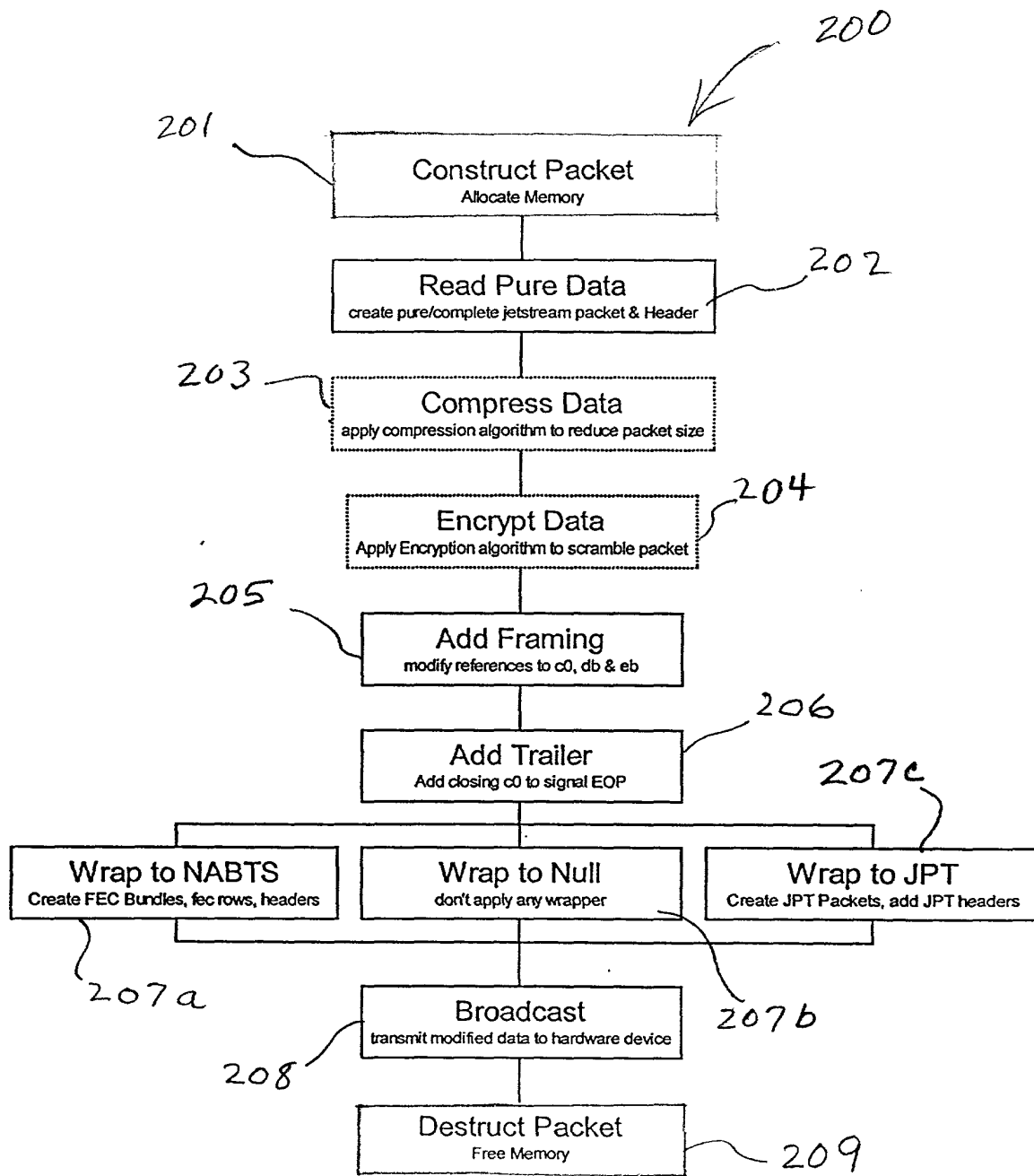


Figure 2.0



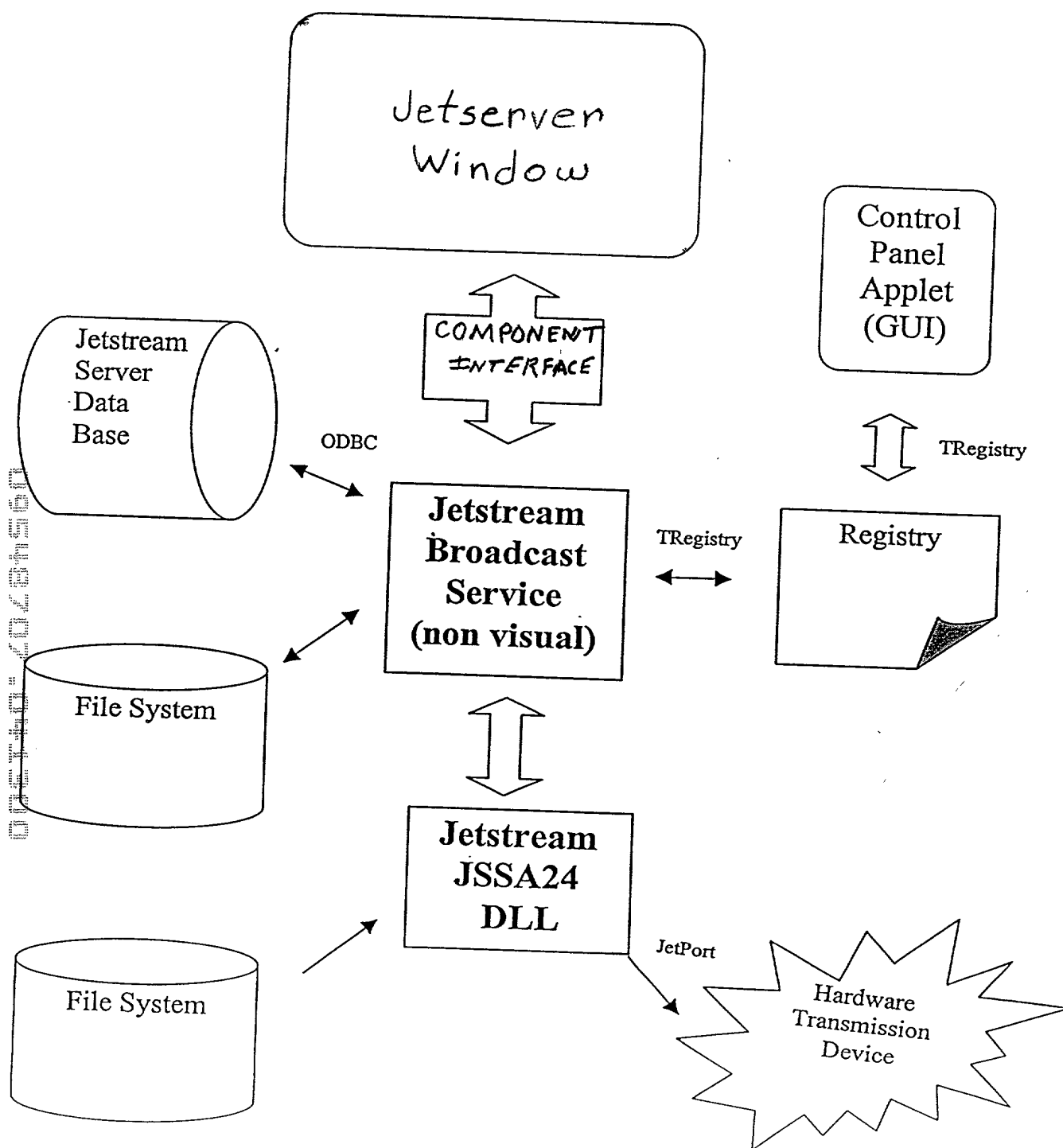



Figure 5.0

**Queue Properties**

General | Server Properties | Broadcast Properties | Command Center


 102

Machine Name: sunset


IP Address: 206.248.167.18

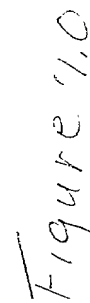
JSSADLL Version: 2.4.1.128

Control Center Status: not connected

Log Events to the ☒ JetControl  system's application log

Attributes: ☒ Startup Hidden

Queue Priority:  Normal High Realtime



L.H.S. 60

**Jetstream Program Guide**

File Edit View Help

enith HDTV

Service	Date	Type	Status	%
CNN	N/A	www	INCOMING	47
MrShowbiz	3/1/99 11:05:31 PM	www	RECEIVED 23 file(s)	100
Program Guide	3/1/99 11:00:07 PM	Progr...	RECEIVED 1 file(s)	100

Description

This is the list of services that you have received, along with the current status of any incoming services.

**Jetstream**  
Inventory

Figure 8.0

**Jetstream Broadcast Receiver** [X]

**Jetstream** Click to Turn ON/OFF--> **OFF**

Action	Date/Time
CacheDude shutting down.	3/1/99 10:53:15 PM
Receiver shutdown	3/1/99 10:53:15 PM
Program Guide received, 1 file(s)	3/1/99 10:52:10 PM
CacheDude performing maintenance.	3/1/99 10:50:57 PM
CacheDude performing maintenance.	3/1/99 10:48:26 PM
Program Guide received, 1 file(s)	3/1/99 10:48:01 PM
Program Guide received, 1 file(s)	3/1/99 10:47:36 PM
CacheDude performing maintenance.	3/1/99 10:45:56 PM
CacheDude performing maintenance.	3/1/99 10:43:26 PM
CacheDude performing maintenance.	3/1/99 10:40:51 PM
CacheDude performing maintenance.	3/1/99 10:38:18 PM
CacheDude going to work.	3/1/99 10:35:47 PM
Jetstream Client Agent, version 2.4.1.463	3/1/99 10:35:47 PM
Jetstream Broadcast Receiver, version 2.4.1.463	3/1/99 10:35:47 PM

File:

Figure 9.0



Declaration and Power of Attorney  
for Patent Application

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NO.  
P966

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

Data Broadcast System to Aid A Broadcaster to Transmit and Receive Digital Information Over Existing Audio/Video Broadband Broadcast Medium

the specification of which ☒ is attached hereto.  
☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_  
Application Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_  
and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119, of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s) (Number/Country/Date Filed/Priority Claims: Yes/No)

No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120, of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56(a), which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application (list application Serial No./Filing Date/Status):

U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/129,754 filed April 15, 1999 Entitled: "Data Broadcast System to Aid A Broadcaster to Transmit and Receive Digital Information Over Existing Audio/Video Broadband Broadcast Medium"

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

F. David LaRiviere  
Pat. Reg. No. 27,207

Noel B. Hammond  
Pat. Reg. No. 18,731

Victor Flores  
Pat. Reg. No. 29,638

May Lin DeHaan  
Pat. Reg. No. 42,472

John L. Rogitz  
Pat. Reg. No. 33,549

C. Kelly Crossman  
Pat. Ge. No. 34,312

